

CITY OF KENMORE
ANNUAL POLICE SERVICE HIGHLIGHTS & DATA
2008

Provided for the Residents by:

POLICE CHIEF CLIFF SETHER, CITY OF KENMORE POLICE DEPARTMENT
18118 73 Ave NE
Kenmore, WA 98028
Phone: (206)296-5020

City of Kenmore Administration

MAYOR	David Baker
DEPUTY MAYOR	Milton Curtis
COUNCIL MEMBERS	Randy Eastwood John Hendrickson Glenn Rogers Laurie Sperry Allan Van Ness
CITY MANAGER	Fred Stouder
CHIEF OF POLICE	Chief Cliff Sether



From Your Police Chief

March 2009

Dear Residents of Kenmore,

The men and women of the Kenmore Police Department are committed to providing high quality, professional law enforcement services to the citizens of Kenmore. We are dedicated to being responsive to the needs of the community, which has partnered with us to embrace the philosophy of community-oriented policing and problem solving. As a result, we have seen reductions in crime and the fear of crime.



In 2008, the Kenmore Police Department, in partnership with the cities of Woodinville and Shoreline, sponsored our annual Citizens Academy for local residents. The academy is a 10 week course designed to give citizens a better understanding of police work and resources available to them. Citizens learn about police procedures including police patrol procedures, crime scene investigations, canine uses, marine patrol, major accident response and reconstruction (MARR) and traffic enforcement—to name a few. We invite you to join us for next year's academy! For more information, please call Officer Mark Childers, Storefront Officer, at (206) 205-7652.

In August 2008, Kenmore Police and Northshore Fire Department celebrated the 24th Annual National Night Out against crime (NNO). These celebratory nights are when citizens come together to promote police-community partnerships, neighborhood unity, and the prevention of crime, drugs, and violence. It is an opportunity to let criminals know that citizens, law enforcement, and fire department personnel are truly united and dedicated to building a safer, more caring community.

Please join us at NNO next year! It is a great way to get to know some of the people that make up your community. Kenmore Police sponsor NNO the first Tuesday of every August at Kenmore City Hall, located at 6700 NE 181 Street in Kenmore from 6 p.m. to 9 p.m. Police officers barbecue hamburgers and hotdogs for our citizens (for **FREE!**). Police and fire fighting vehicles are on display for all to check out. We also provide information on the following Kenmore Police Department services:

- Block watches,
- House checks,
- Personal safety,
- Fingerprinting and ID cards for kids,
- Bicycle registration cards, and
- Home fire prevention.

In addition to the above services, the Kenmore Police Department also offers residential crime prevention surveys for Kenmore residents. This service is free whether you own your home or rent it. Surveys can be conducted on houses, apartments, or condominiums. The survey includes:

- ◆ A security survey of the premises.
- ◆ Information on how to make your valuables more secure.
- ◆ Tips on lighting, landscaping, door and window security, and alarms.
- ◆ Personal safety tips to make you and your family more secure.
- ◆ Information on neighborhood block watches.
- ◆ The importance of Operation ID



If you are interested in setting up an appointment for a survey, please contact Officer Childers at (206) 205-7652. He is trained and certified in crime prevention surveys.

This report is a review of our performance during the year 2008. It is a compilation of statistics that portray our work and commitment to the citizens of Kenmore. I am happy to report that in 2008 we saw reductions in burglaries, robberies, larcenies, and auto theft incidents, just to mention a few. We will continue to review our strategies and use innovative techniques in our ongoing efforts to reduce crime in Kenmore. As always, we invite your comments and questions.

Respectfully Submitted,

Cliff Sether
Chief of Police
City of Kenmore Police Department



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About the Annual Police Service Highlights & Data Report

The Annual Police Service Highlights & Data Report contains information on the service efforts and accomplishments of the Kenmore Police Department to support its mission, goals, and objectives. The goal of the report is to keep the City of Kenmore residents, staff, administrators, and elected officials informed of police service and crime activity in the city. The report is produced by the City of Kenmore Police Department in partnership with the King County Sheriff's Office (KCSO) Research, Planning and Informational Services and Contracts Units. Questions about the report can be directed to the Kenmore chief of police.

The Police Service Highlights section gives a narrative of police efforts and year-to-year comparisons of selected crime and police service data. Most of the data in this section is taken from the Police Services Data section unless otherwise indicated as being from a difference source.

The Police Service Data section provides further detailed crime and police service data. Please note that numbers in this section may differ slightly from numbers in the Police Services Highlights due to rounding differences.

Kenmore Police Department Mission, Goals, & Core Values

Mission

The mission of the Kenmore Police Department is to prevent crime and create an environment where people feel safe, while providing quality, professional law enforcement services designed to improve public safety.

Core Values

The Kenmore Police are committed to the core values of Leadership, Integrity, Service and Teamwork. We firmly believe in our core values and let these values guide all work that we do in the community.

Goals & Objectives

In order to realize this mission, the City of Kenmore Police Department has adopted the following goals and objectives:

Goal # 1: Reduce crime and the fear of crime

Objective: Use information for crime analysis

Objective: Apprehend offenders

Objective: Prevent crime

Objective: Improve residents' feeling of security

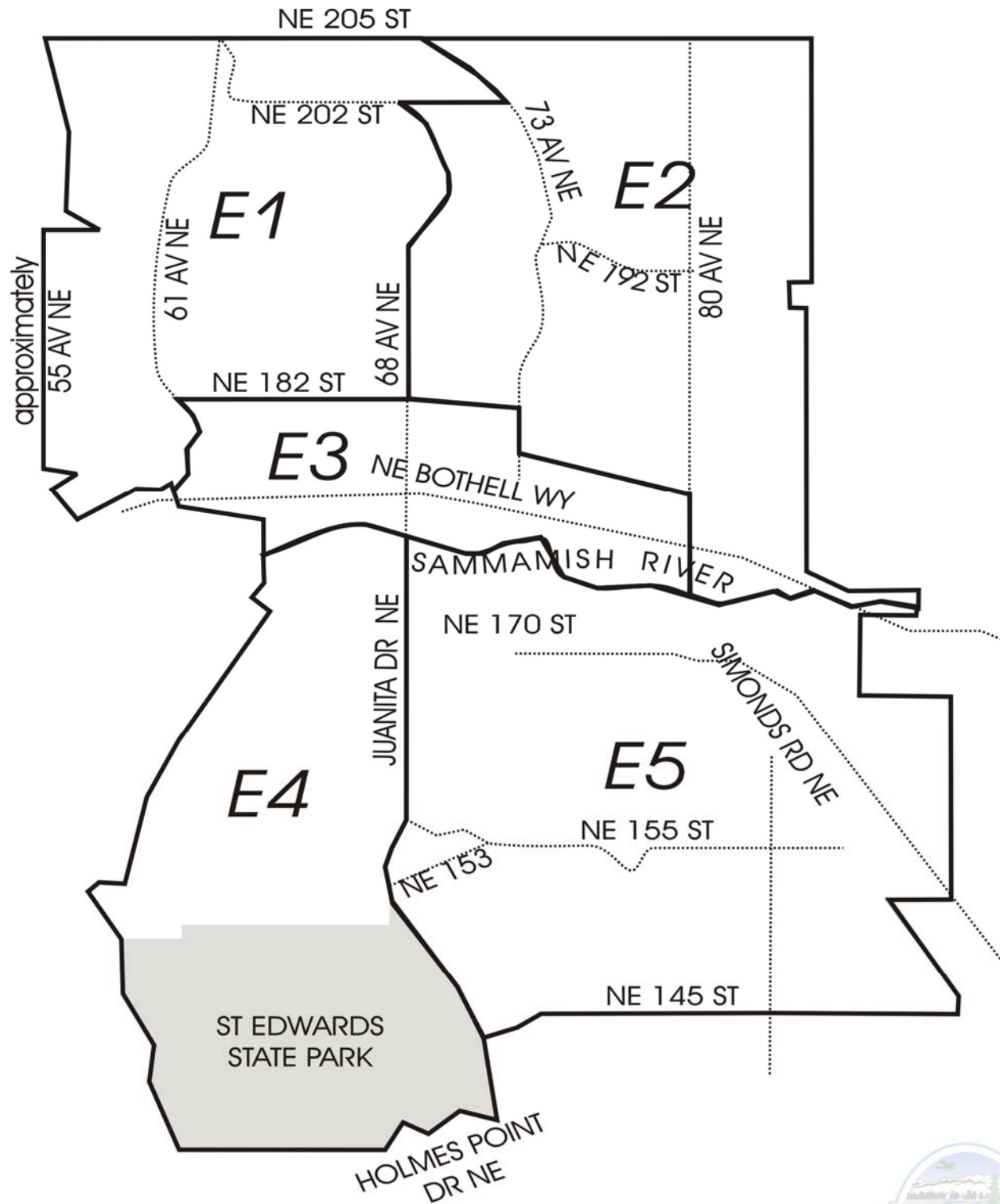
Goal # 2: Provide high-quality, cost-effective, and accountable services to the City of Kenmore

Objective: Provide responsive services to residents.

Objective: Provide cost-effective services to residents.



City of Kenmore Patrol Districts

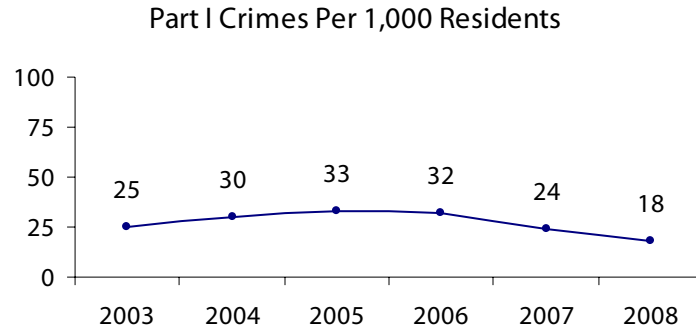


City of Kenmore **Police Service Highlights** 2008

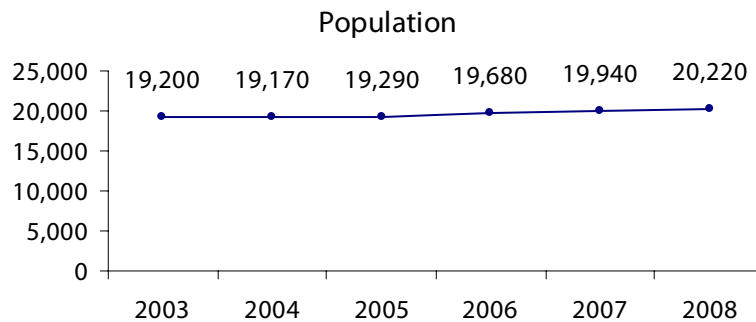


Kenmore's Crime Rate

The Crime Rate is a calculation of the number of Part I Crimes divided by population in thousands. Part I Crimes is a category of crimes established by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI). It includes criminal homicide (which includes murder and non-negligent manslaughter, but excludes deaths by negligence, attempts to kill, suicides, accidental deaths, justifiable homicide, and traffic fatalities), forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson.



Source: Police Services Data



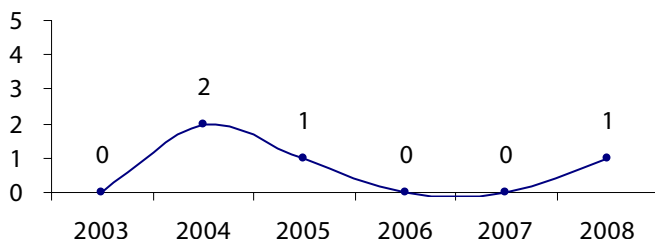
Source: Washington State Office of Financial Management



Part I Violent Crimes against People

Part I Crimes include crimes categorized as “violent crimes” or “crimes against people.” The following are Kenmore’s Part I Violent Crimes.

Murder

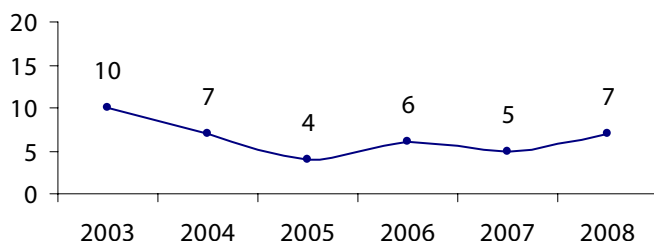


Source for all below: Police Services Data

Murder

The following situations are not included in this crime classification: deaths caused by negligence, suicide, or accident; justifiable homicides; and attempts to murder or assaults to murder, which are counted as aggravated assaults.

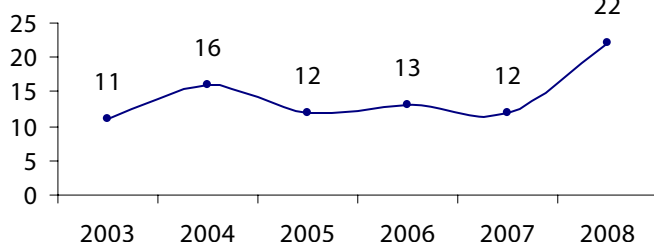
Rape



Rape

Rapes by force and attempts or assaults to rape, regardless of the age of the victim, are included in this count. Statutory offenses (no force used—victim under age of consent) are excluded.

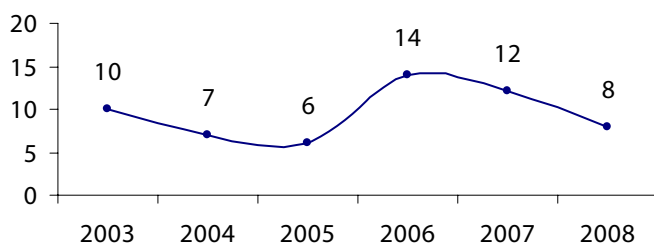
Aggravated Assault



Aggravated Assault

Aggravated assault is an unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm.

Robbery



Robbery

Robbery is the taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person by force, threat of force, violence, or by putting the victim in fear.

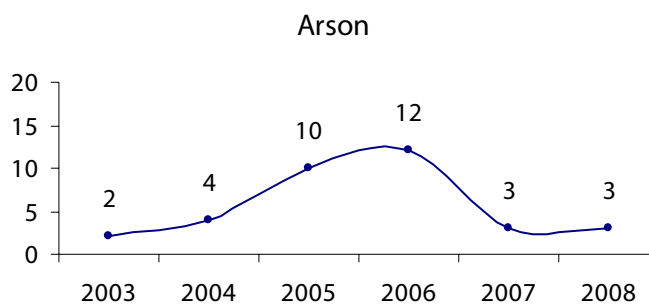


Part I Non-Violent Crimes against Property

The second group of Part I Crimes is known as “non-violent crimes,” “crimes against property,” or “property crimes.” The following are Kenmore’s Part I Crimes against Property. Information about vehicle theft, also included in this category, can be found with traffic and automobile incident information.

Arson

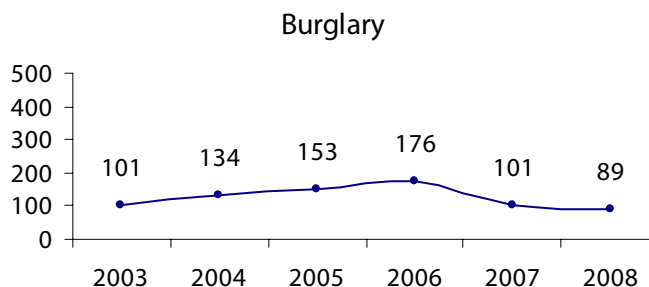
Arson is any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, or personal property of another.



Source for all below: Police Services Data

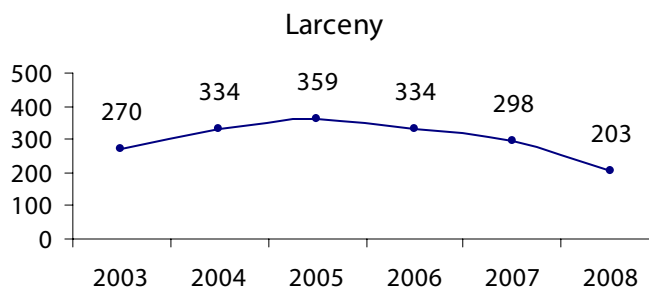
Burglary (breaking or entering)

Burglary is the unlawful entry of a commercial or residential structure with the intent to commit a crime. Attempted forcible entry is included.



Larceny (except vehicles)

Larceny is the unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property of any value amount from the possession or constructive possession of another. Examples are thefts of bicycles, motor vehicle parts and accessories, shoplifting, pocket-picking, or the stealing of any property or article that is not taken by force and violence or by fraud. Attempted larcenies are included. Embezzlement, forgery, check fraud, and like crimes are excluded.

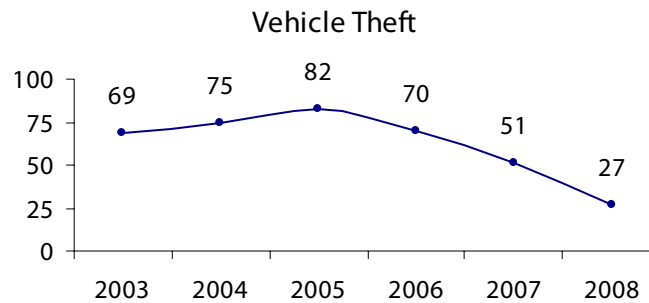


Traffic and Automobile Incident Information

Vehicle theft

Vehicle theft is included in Part I Crimes against Property. It is the theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle, which is defined as being self-propelled and running on a land surface and not on rails.

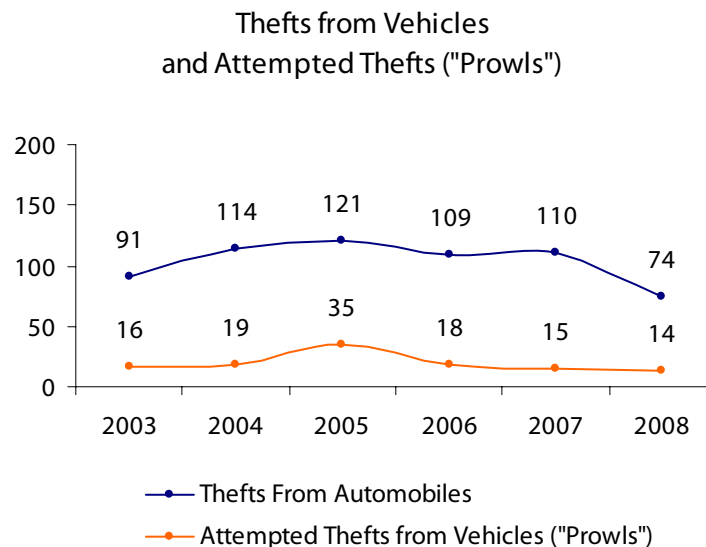
Motorboats, construction equipment, airplanes, and farming equipment are specifically excluded from this category.



Source: Police Services Data

Thefts and Attempted Thefts ("Prowls") from Automobiles

A theft or attempted theft ("prowl") from an automobile is the act or attempted act of taking something from the inside of an automobile.

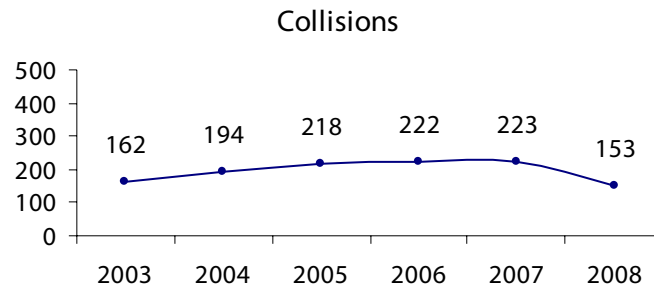


Source: Police Services Data and CAD System



Traffic Collisions

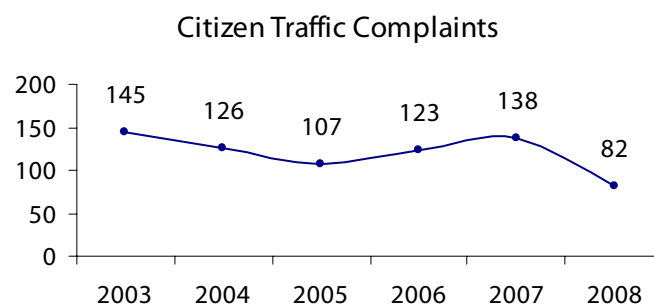
Collision information includes reports for injury, non-injury, and fatality vehicle collisions. Driving under the influence (DUI) collisions are excluded from this category.



Source: Police Services Data

Citizen Traffic Complaints

Citizen traffic complaints include all reports residents make regarding chronic traffic violations and requests for traffic enforcement. Complaints are assigned out to specific traffic enforcement units as well as patrol and are worked on a regular basis. Some complaints are resolved relatively quickly, while others become the site of on-going traffic enforcement projects.

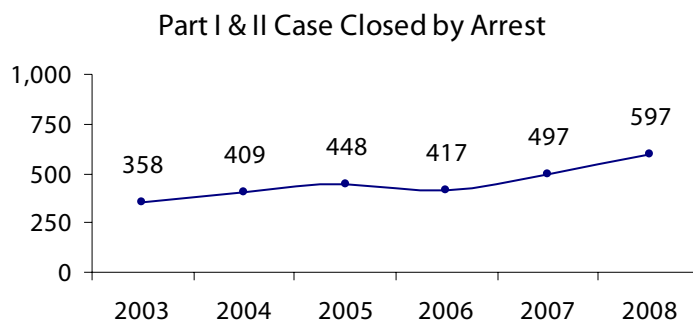


Source: Police Services Data



Part I & II Cases Closed by Arrest

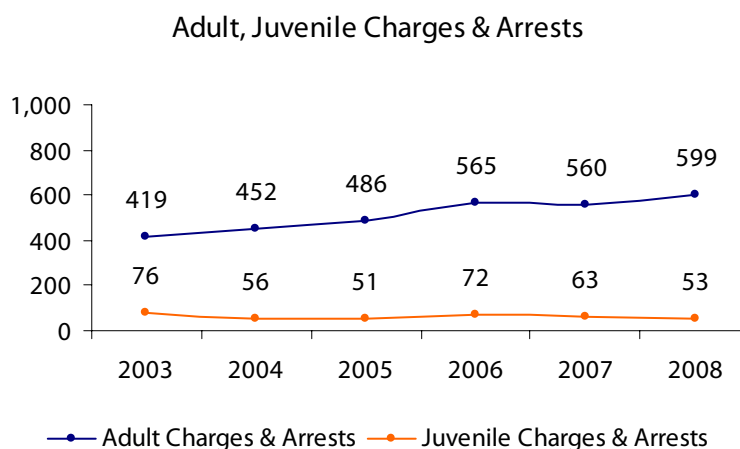
The cases below represent incidents where an officer or detective has recommended that the King County Prosecutor's Office file criminal charges against the case suspect. These criminal charges may result in an arrest or another form of punitive action, such as a citation. A prosecuting attorney is solely responsible for the decision to formally file charges and prosecute defendants.



Source: KCSO RPIS Unit

Adult and Juvenile Charges and Arrests

One or more charges can result from a single arrest. Charges also can be filed when probable cause exists against a person who may not have been arrested. The following are the total number of felony and misdemeanor charges and arrests by adult and juvenile status.



Source: Police Services Data

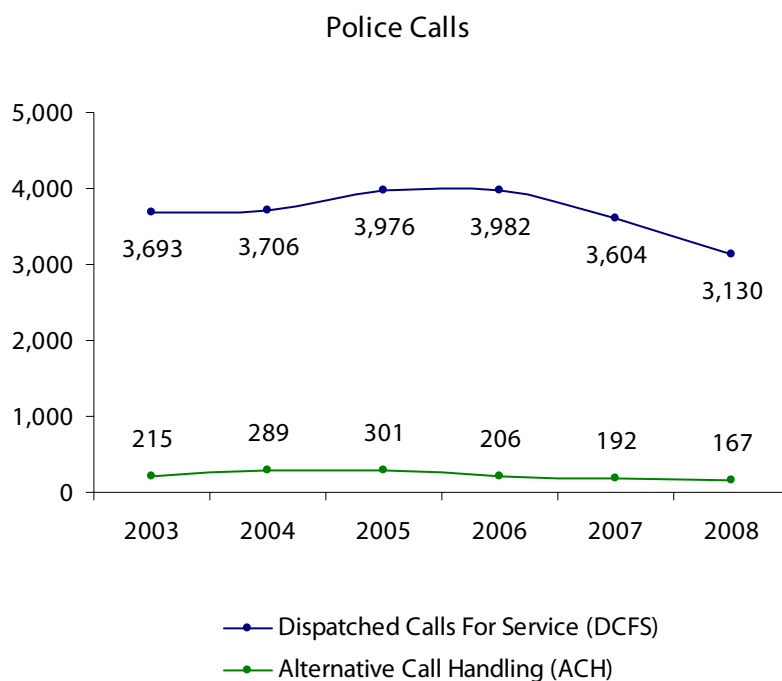


Calls for Police Assistance

The public receives police assistance in a variety of ways. Residents can call the Emergency 911 Communications Center to have one or more officers dispatched to the field, called a "dispatched call for service."

In addition to dispatched calls for service, 911 center operators can take certain types of reports over the phone through alternative call handling (ACH). This allows police officers more time to respond to those who need an officer present at the location of their incident.

Following are the numbers of dispatched calls for service (DCFS) and alternative call handling (ACH) incidents reported.



Source: Police Services Data and CAD



Dispatched Calls For Service (DCFS): The number of DCFS shown here includes calls verified to take place inside the city limits and that are charged to the city as part of contract. Total DCFS counts, as shown in the Police Service Data section, may be slightly higher (usually less than 5 percent higher).



Response Times to High Priority Calls

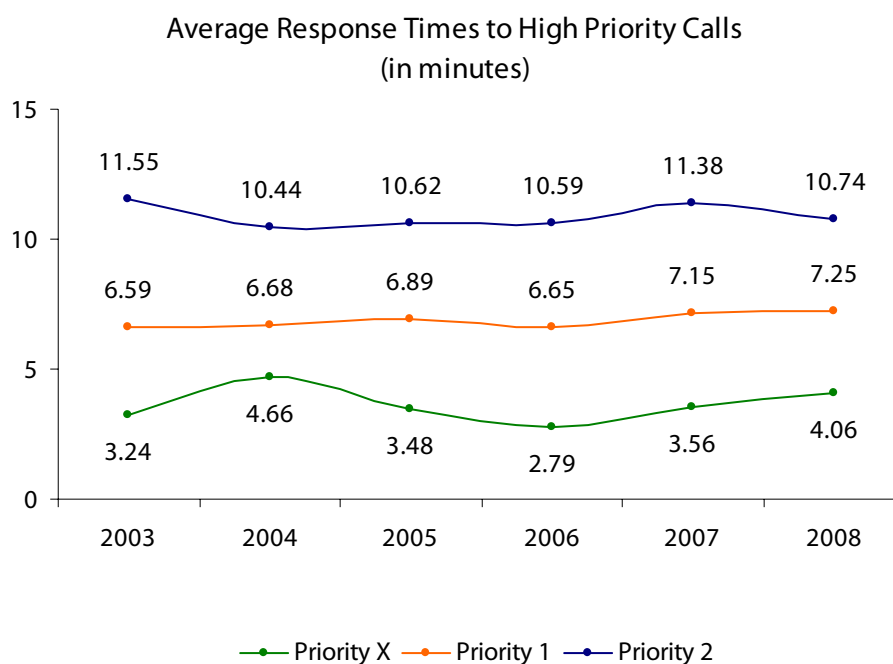
When calls for police assistance are received by the Emergency 911 Communications Center, they are entered into the Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD) system and given a "priority" based on the criteria described below. If the call receiver is in doubt as to the appropriate priority, the call is assigned the higher of the two priority designators in question.

"Priority X" designates critical dispatches. These are incidents that pose an obvious danger to the life of an officer or citizen. It is used for felony crimes in-progress where the possibility of confrontation between a victim and suspect exists. Examples include shootings, stabbings, robberies or burglaries.

"Priority 1" designates immediate dispatches. These are calls that require immediate police action. Examples include silent alarms, injury traffic accidents, in-progress crimes or crimes so recent that the suspect may still be in the immediate area.

"Priority 2" designates prompt dispatches. These are calls that could escalate to a more serious degree if not policed quickly. Examples include verbal disturbances and blocking traffic accidents.

Following are the City of Kenmore's Police response times for the above priority calls. Response times include all time from the receipt of a phone call to the moment an officer arrives at the location of the incident.



Source: Police Services Data

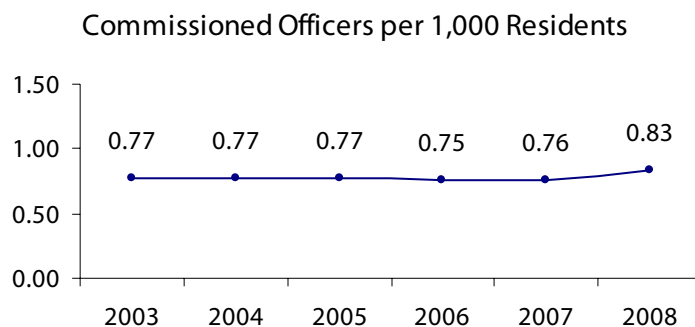


Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD): A computerized communication system used by response agencies for dispatching and tracking calls for emergency assistance.



Commissioned Officers per 1,000 Residents

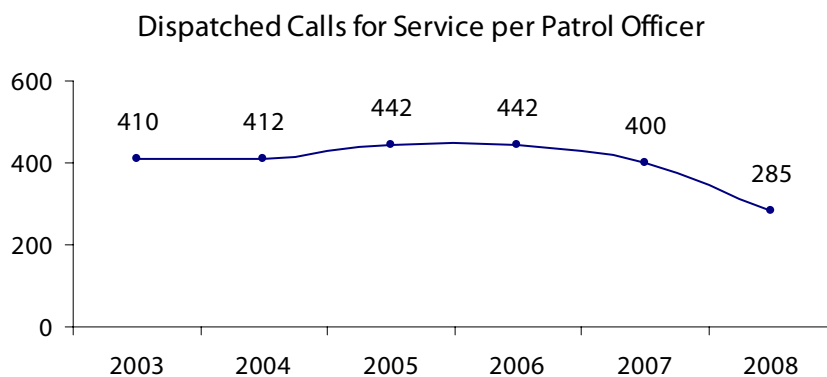
Commissioned officers per 1,000 residents shows how many commissioned police officers are employed by Kenmore for every 1,000 residents. This number includes commissioned officers who work in supervisory or other non-patrol related positions as well as special services officers who work part-time for the city. It does not include professional (i.e. non-commissioned) support staff.



Source: KCSO Contracts Unit

Dispatched Calls for Service (DCFS) per Patrol Officer

Dispatched calls for service (DCFS) per patrol officer is the average number of dispatched calls one patrol officer responds to within a year. This number uses only dispatched calls Kenmore pays for and does not include the number of responses an officer initiates (such as witnessing and responding to traffic violations, called "on views"). Also, the numbers below are *patrol only* and exclude non-patrol commissioned officers (such as supervisors or special duty officers/detectives).



Source: KCSO Contracts Unit

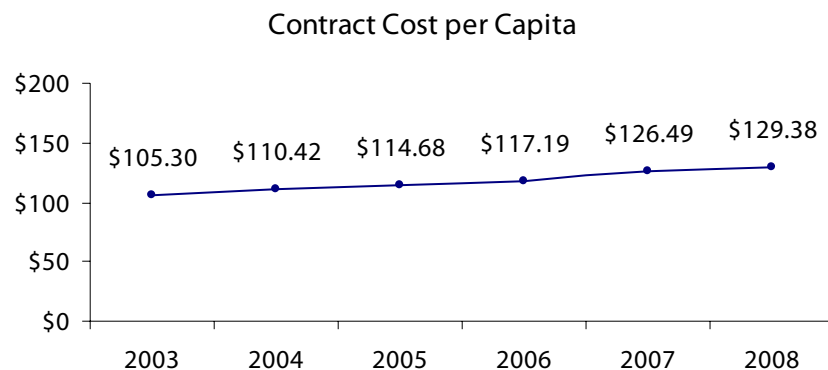


Costs of Police Services per Capita

The City of Kenmore contracts with the King County Sheriff's Office (KCSO) for police services. Among other benefits, contracting for services from a larger law enforcement agency allows for cost savings through "economies of scale." Specific economies of scale provided through the contract with KCSO include:

- Mutual aid agreements with other law enforcement agencies in Washington State
- A large pool of officers if back-up help is necessary
- Coverage if city officers are away
- Expertise of specialized units to assist officers
- More experienced officers to select from for city staffing
- Cost sharing throughout the department to keep city costs down

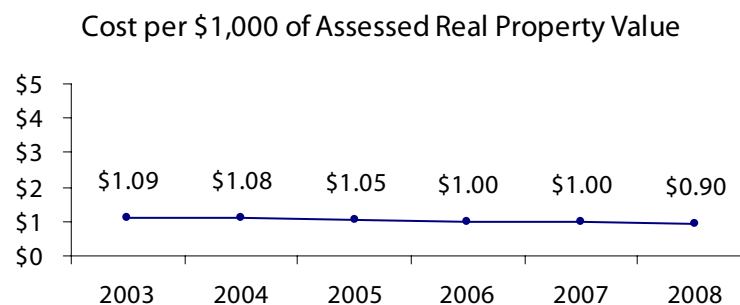
Costs for police services vary depending on a city's resources and the level and type of police services the community wants. The City of Kenmore may have additional funds or expenditures for special projects or programs as part of the city's law enforcement budget. These additional costs are not reflected in the contract cost per capita, which shows the contract cost for police services divided by Kenmore's population.



Source: KCSO Contracts Unit

Cost per \$1,000 of Assessed Real Property Value

Cost per \$1,000 of assessed real property value shows Kenmore's contract cost in relationship to the property values of Kenmore.



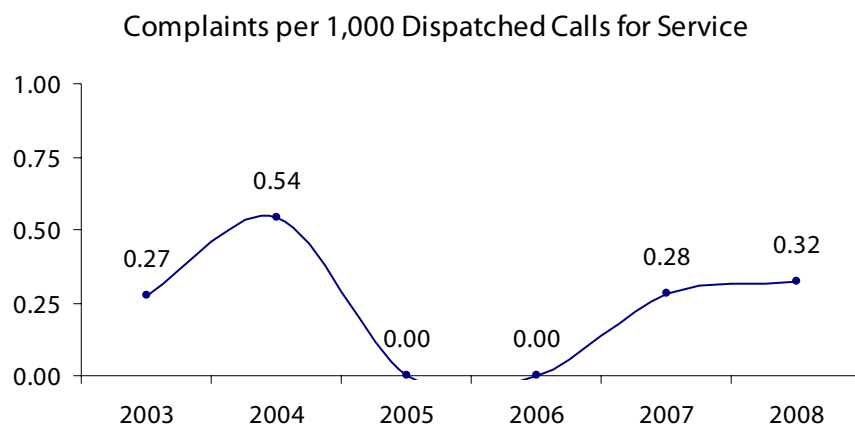
Source: King County Assessor's Office



Complaints against Officers

Complaints against city police officers can originate from the public or internal police department personnel. When a complaint is made, the King County Sheriff's Office Internal Investigations Unit (IIU), which reports directly to the Sheriff, will review the complaint and determine whether a formal complaint investigation should be made. The following are the total number of internal and external complaints that were formally investigated for City of Kenmore officers:

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Number of Complaints	1	2	0	0	1	1
Number of Dispatched Calls for Service	3,693	3,706	3,976	3,982	3,604	3,130



Source: KCSO Internal Investigations Unit



City Cost Comparison

The city cost comparison study is conducted annually by the King County Sheriff's Office Contracts Unit. The study accounts for city budget differences and may factor in (or factor out) certain line items in an effort to allow for "apples-to-apples" comparison between cities.

Kenmore's cost per capita shown here is different than the contract cost per capita, which only includes Kenmore's law enforcement contract paid to the county. The following budget information is obtained directly from the city's budget, which may include funding for extra police services.

City	2007 Crime Rate	2008 Police Budget	2008 Population	2008 Budgeted Sworn	Cost/ Capita	Cost/ Sworn	Sworn/ 1000
Auburn	69.40	\$15,923,245	67,005	114.00	\$238	\$139,678	1.70
Bellevue	36.70	\$37,801,001	119,200	182.00	\$317	\$207,698	1.53
Black Diamond	13.80	\$1,566,071	4,155	12.00	\$377	\$130,506	2.89
Bothell	24.60	\$10,603,869	32,860	58.00	\$323	\$182,825	1.77
Burien	60.70	\$6,987,800	31,540	42.67	\$222	\$163,764	1.35
Covington	31.10	\$2,603,802	17,360	16.18	\$150	\$160,927	0.93
Des Moines	34.60	\$9,372,497	29,180	47.00	\$321	\$199,415	1.61
Duvall	5.80	\$1,792,879	5,925	11.50	\$303	\$155,903	1.94
Federal Way	58.90	\$20,039,662	88,040	136.00	\$228	\$147,350	1.54
Issaquah	35.30	\$5,558,325	26,320	33.00	\$211	\$168,434	1.25
Kenmore	24.10	\$2,782,510	20,220	16.78	\$138	\$165,823	0.83
Kent	62.60	\$27,400,220	86,980	130.00	\$315	\$210,771	1.49
Kirkland	40.90	\$13,276,154	48,410	69.00	\$274	\$192,408	1.43
Lynnwood	85.00	\$11,369,500	35,680	79.00	\$319	\$143,918	2.21
Maple Valley	19.00	\$2,192,818	20,480	12.94	\$107	\$169,460	0.63
Medina	22.70	\$1,827,941	2,955	12.94	\$619	\$141,263	4.38
Mercer Island	18.10	\$4,681,174	22,650	35.50	\$207	\$131,864	1.57
Mukilteo	30.10	\$3,878,951	20,050	29.00	\$193	\$133,757	1.45
Newcastle	23.80	\$1,321,953	9,720	8.64	\$136	\$153,004	0.89
Normandy Park	21.30	\$1,637,270	6,425	12.00	\$255	\$136,439	1.87
North Bend	33.40	\$1,309,310	4,710	7.75	\$278	\$168,943	1.65
Puyallup	86.70	\$12,905,584	36,930	58.00	\$349	\$222,510	1.57
Redmond	34.90	\$12,726,052	51,320	42.50	\$248	\$299,437	0.83
Renton	71.60	\$18,617,149	78,780	123.00	\$236	\$151,359	1.56
Sammamish	14.00	\$3,916,490	40,550	25.76	\$97	\$152,038	0.64
SeaTac	74.80	\$7,795,040	25,720	46.08	\$303	\$169,163	1.79
Seattle	64.50	\$235,716,886	592,800	1,308.00	\$398	\$180,212	2.21
Shoreline	34.30	\$9,037,739	53,440	54.53	\$169	\$165,739	1.02
Tukwila	170.70	\$11,752,739	18,080	68.00	\$650	\$172,834	3.76
Woodinville	48.20	\$2,110,721	10,560	13.27	\$200	\$159,060	1.26
All Contract City Averages (weighted)					\$171	\$163,770	1.04
Non-Contract City Averages (weighted)					\$334	\$179,050	1.86



Data sources:

1. City budgets are found on city websites or via city finance personnel.
2. Population is from Washington State Office of Financial Management (OFM) e:
3. Total sworn numbers are from city budgets.
4. Crime rates are from the Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs (WASPC). Crime rates for 2008 were not yet released at this report's publish date.



City of Kenmore **Police Service Data** 2008



CRIME SUMMARY

	2007	2008	Percent Change	Crime Rate	Total 2008 Cases Closed
Part I Offenses					
Criminal Homicide	0	1	N/A	0.05	1
Forcible Rape (incl. Attempts)	5	7	40.0%	0.35	0
Robbery	12	8	-33.3%	0.40	1
Aggravated Assault	12	22	83.3%	1.09	9
Burglary, Commercial	31	27	-12.9%	1.34	1
Burglary, Residential	70	62	-11.4%	3.07	3
Larceny, over \$250	152	106	-30.3%	5.24	3
Larceny, under \$250	146	97	-33.6%	4.80	6
Vehicle Theft	51	27	-47.1%	1.34	5
Arson	3	3	0.0%	0.15	0
Total Part I Offenses	482	360	-25.3%	17.80	29
Total Part II Offenses	590	669	13.4%	33.09	66

NOTE:

The crime rate is calculated on the basis of 1,000 people (i.e., number of crimes per 1,000 people). The population is 20,220.

ACTIVITY SUMMARY

	2007	2008	Percent Change
Dispatched calls for service	3,807	3,275	-14.0%
Adult charges/arrests	560	599	7.0%
Juvenile charges/arrests	63	53	-15.9%
Traffic enforcement	1,836	1,311	-28.6%
Officers assaulted	3	1	-66.7%
Total domestic violence related incidents	118	115	-2.5%
Hate crimes/malicious harassment reports	0	0	N/A

NOTES:

The domestic violence figures on this page include everything that is related to domestic violence: case reports, citations, follow-ups, assistance rendered to other agencies, FIR's made, etc. They may differ from the figures on page 25, which refer to case reports and citations only.

The number of DCFS shown here includes all calls recorded by the Emergency 911 Communications Center as being city calls. However, this number may be slightly high than the number of DCFS shown in the Police Service Highlights section, which reports only those calls that are verified to take place inside the city limits and are charged to the city as part of its police contract. Actual DCFS counts shown here are usually less than percent higher.



Part One Offenses by Patrol District

	Kenmore					Total
	E1	E2	E3	E4	E5	
Criminal Homicide	0	1	0	0	0	1
Rape	2	2	1	0	1	6
Child Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Rape	0	1	0	0	0	1
Robbery, Highway	0	1	2	0	1	4
Robbery, Commercial	0	0	1	0	0	1
Robbery, Gas Station	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery, Chain Store	0	0	2	0	1	3
Robbery, Residence	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery, Bank	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery, Misc.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery, Carjack	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assault, Firearm	0	2	0	0	0	2
Assault, Knife	0	0	2	0	1	3
Assault, ODW	2	2	1	0	1	6
Assault, Hands	2	4	0	0	5	11
Commercial Burglary, FE	6	2	7	0	1	16
Commercial Burglary, NF	0	3	4	0	2	9
Commercial Burglary, ATT	0	1	0	0	1	2
Residential Burglary, FE	6	6	4	3	8	27
Residential Burglary, NF	7	6	2	5	8	28
Residential Burglary, ATT	2	1	1	0	3	7
Larceny, +\$250	22	30	27	6	19	104
Larceny, -\$250	14	23	40	3	17	97
Auto Theft	4	11	6	0	4	25
Truck-Bus Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	2	2
Theft Boat/RV	1	0	0	1	0	2
Arson Confirmed	0	2	1	0	0	3
Total	68	98	101	18	75	360

Part Two Offenses by Patrol District

	Kenmore					Total
	E1	E2	E3	E4	E5	
Assault Fourth	8	31	4	1	16	60
Total Forgery/Fraud	18	24	10	0	13	65
Stolen Property	0	2	0	0	0	2
Vandalism	23	43	20	10	53	149
Weapons Violations	0	1	0	0	0	1
Commercial Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Sexual Offenses	5	8	0	0	4	17
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Family/Juvenile	16	29	8	1	47	101
DWI	9	18	27	5	7	66
Liquor Violations	3	7	6	1	5	22
Disorderly Conduct	0	2	0	0	0	2
Kidnapping	0	0	0	0	0	0
Trespass	0	13	6	0	2	21
Opium, coke, etc.	1	0	2	0	0	3
Marijuana	2	1	3	0	2	8
Synthetic Narcotics	0	1	2	0	0	3
Other Narcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hate Crimes	0	0	0	0	0	0
Viol. of Court Orders (Misd)	5	9	4	0	6	24
Viol. of Court Orders (Felony)	0	1	0	0	2	3
All other	23	41	17	4	37	122
Total	113	231	109	22	194	669

NOTE:

The data on this page includes the domestic violence data listed on page 25. Page 25 refers to domestic violence data only.



Larcenies by Patrol District

	Kenmore					Total
	E1	E2	E3	E4	E5	
Auto Parts & Accessories	5	7	5	2	2	21
Bicycles	0	3	6	0	2	11
Coin Operated Machine Device	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gas	0	0	1	0	0	1
Non-specific Category	6	10	12	5	7	40
Pickpocket	0	0	0	0	0	0
Purse Snatch	0	0	0	0	0	0
Shoplifting	0	2	18	0	0	20
Taken from Auto	22	20	14	2	16	74
Taken from Building	4	11	11	1	9	36
Total	37	53	67	10	36	203



**Domestic Violence:
Part One Offenses by Patrol District**

	Kenmore					Total
	E1	E2	E3	E4	E5	
Criminal Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	1	0	0	0	1
Child Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery, Highway	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery, Commercial	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery, Gas Station	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery, Chain Store	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery, Residence	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery, Bank	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery, Misc.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery, Carjack	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assault, Firearm	0	2	0	0	0	2
Assault, Knife	0	0	1	0	0	1
Assault, ODW	1	0	0	0	0	1
Assault, Hands	1	1	0	0	3	5
Commercial Burglary, FE	0	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial Burglary, NF	0	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial Burglary, ATT	0	0	0	0	0	0
Residential Burglary, FE	0	0	1	0	0	1
Residential Burglary, NF	0	1	0	0	0	1
Residential Burglary, ATT	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny, +\$250	1	0	0	0	1	2
Larceny, -\$250	0	1	0	0	0	1
Auto Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0
Truck-Bus Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0
Theft Boat/RV	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson Confirmed	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	3	6	2	0	4	15

**Domestic Violence:
Part Two Offenses by Patrol District**

	Kenmore					Total
	E1	E2	E3	E4	E5	
Assault Fourth	4	24	0	1	8	37
Total Forgery/Fraud	0	1	0	0	0	1
Stolen Property	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vandalism	0	3	3	0	3	9
Weapons Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Sexual Offenses	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Family/Juvenile	2	6	0	0	2	10
DWI	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kidnapping	0	0	0	0	0	0
Trespass	0	0	0	0	0	0
Opium, coke, etc.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Marijuana	0	0	0	0	0	0
Synthetic Narcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Narcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hate Crimes	0	0	0	0	0	0
Viol. of Court Orders (Misd)	5	9	4	0	5	23
Viol. of Court Orders (Felony)	0	1	0	0	2	3
All other	4	1	0	0	1	6
Total	15	45	7	1	21	89

NOTE:

This page is a subcategory of page 23 and only refers to domestic violence incidents that produced a case report or citation.



ADULT AND JUVENILE CHARGES, ARRESTS, AND CITATIONS

	Adult Felony	Adult Misdemeanor	Juvenile Felony	Juvenile Misdemeanor	Total Adults and Juveniles
Criminal Homicide	1	0	0	0	1
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	12	0	0	0	12
Burglary	4	0	0	0	4
Larceny	2	12	1	4	19
Vehicle Theft	1	0	0	0	1
Assault, Fourth	0	43	0	8	51
Arson	0	0	0	0	0
Counterfeiting/Forgery	0	0	0	0	0
Fraud	0	0	0	0	0
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0
Stolen Property	0	0	0	0	0
Vandalism	3	10	1	8	22
Weapons Violations	0	3	0	1	4
Prostitution - Vice	0	1	0	0	1
Sex Offense (No Rape)	0	0	0	0	0
Narcotics/Drug Violation	11	6	1	3	21
Marijuana	0	33	0	4	37
Gambling, Other	0	0	0	0	0
DWI	0	66	0	0	66
Liquor Violation	0	29	0	12	41
Disorderly Conduct	0	1	0	0	1
Other (except Traffic)	12	53	1	2	68
Traffic	0	296	1	6	303
TOTAL	46	553	5	48	652

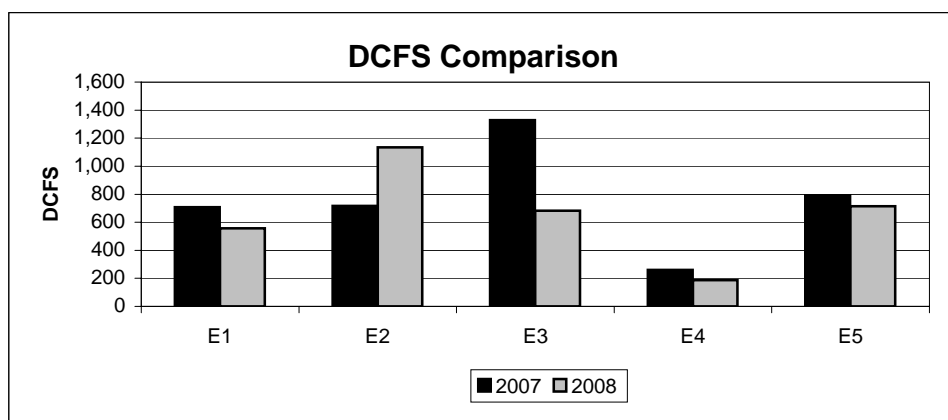
NOTE:

Charges include all adults and juveniles booked, cited and charged in absentia. Charges do not include persons that are booked on warrants each quarter.



Dispatched Calls for Service By Patrol District

District	2007	2008
E1	708	557
E2	717	1,135
E3	1,329	682
E4	260	187
E5	793	714
TOTAL	3,807	3,275



Response Times

Priority	Avg Time in Mins.
X	4.06
1	7.25
2	10.74
3	24.23

NOTE:

The number of DCFS shown here includes all calls recorded by the Emergency 911 Communications Center as being city calls. However, this number may be slightly higher than the number of DCFS shown in the Police Service Highlights section, which reports only those calls that are verified to take place inside the city limits and are charged to the city as part of its police contract. Actual DCFS counts shown here are usually less than 5 percent higher.



Traffic Enforcement Activity

Violation	Patrol	Special Operations	TOTAL
Abandoned Vehicle	140	0	140
Accident, DUI	16	0	16
Accident, Injury	55	0	55
Accident, Non-injury	97	0	97
Accident, Fatal	1	0	1
D.U.I.	50	0	50
Physical Control	1	0	1
Hit & Run, Occupied Non-injury	21	0	21
Hit & Run, Unoccupied	34	0	34
Hit & Run, Injury	3	0	3
Incident, NSC (Other than accident)	1	0	1
Motorcycle Complaint	0	0	0
Negligent Driving	6	0	6
Other Moving Violation	117	0	117
Defective Equipment	8	0	8
Other Non-moving Violation	20	0	20
Off Road Vehicle/ATV Violation	0	0	0
Parking Violation	115	0	115
Pedestrian/Bicycle Violation	3	0	3
Reckless Driving	3	0	3
Speeding (Pace)	2	0	2
Speeding (Radar)	215	0	215
Traffic Complaint Investigation	82	0	82
Attempting to Elude (Felony Flight)	2	0	2
Control (Other than Fire)	0	0	0
Driving While License Revoked/Suspended	174	0	174
Operator's License Violations, Other	30	0	30
Seatbelt Violation	15	0	15
Vehicle License Violations	100	0	100
TOTAL	1,311	0	1,311

Summary of Traffic Activity

	2008	2007	Percent Change
DUI	66	61	8.2%
Moving/Hazardous	806	1,128	-28.5%
Non-moving/Compliances	439	647	-32.1%
TOTAL	1,311	1,836	-28.6%

Traffic Accident Investigations

	2008	2007	Percent Change
Accident, DUI	16	17	-5.9%
Accident, Injury	55	61	-9.8%
Accident, Non-injury	97	159	-39.0%
Accident, Fatal	1	3	-66.7%
Hit & Run, Occupied, Non-injury	21	25	-16.0%
Hit & Run, Unoccupied	34	41	-17.1%
Hit & Run, Injury	3	4	-25.0%

	2008	2007	Percent Change
Traffic Complaint Investigations	82	138	-40.6%



GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Adult Arrests

An arrest is counted every time an adult is cited for a criminal offense or booked. More specifically:

1. It includes all adult bookings, plus
2. All adult citations which are classified as criminal non-traffic.
3. When an adult is both cited and booked, it is only counted once.

Cases Cleared /Clearance

The solving of an offense by arrest, or in some circumstances, by exceptional means (the suspect died, is imprisoned on another charge, victim refuses to testify, etc.).

CASE CLOSURE DEFINITIONS

Cleared by Arrest:

A case can be closed by arrest when at least one suspect is positively identified and charges are recommended to the Prosecuting Attorney's Office. This closure does not require physical booking into a jail or juvenile detention facility. It also does not require the charging of all suspects, if there are multiple suspects in the crime. This category includes criminal citations into district and municipal courts for misdemeanors and felony filings into Superior Court, as well as all filings into Juvenile Court.

Exceptional Clearance:

A case can be closed "exceptional" if it can be established that a crime has been committed and the identity of a suspect is positively confirmed, but due to circumstances beyond our control, no charges are filed. An example of this type of closure is a case in which the victim declines to assist in prosecution. Another example is when another police agency files charges on a related crime stemming from the same incident. (Car stolen in King County, but suspect arrested out of the stolen car in Bellevue. Bellevue P.D. charges the suspect with possession of the stolen car. We close the stolen car case "exceptional.")

Unfounded:

Cases are closed as "unfounded" when the investigation reveals that no crime has been committed. An example would be the report of a theft by one party that is determined to be a false report by interviewing other independent witnesses.

Administrative Clearance:

This clearance is used primarily to close non-criminal police investigations like found property. For instance, if a citizen finds and turns over to police a wallet. Investigations reveal who the owner of the wallet is and the item is returned to that person.

Inactive:

This category is used when all investigative leads are exhausted and the case can not be closed by any of the above classifications.

Dispatched Calls for Service

This includes calls received in the Communications Center which result in one or more p being dispatched.



Domestic Violence

Domestic Violence is a subcategory to other crimes. Virtually any crime can be classified as domestic violence. In the State of Washington, Domestic Violence is defined as a crime of violence against the person or property of a spouse, former spouse, persons related by blood or marriage, persons who have a child in common, former/current roommates, persons who have or had a dating relationship, and persons related to the suspect by the parent-child (biological or legal) relationship. In some cases, the age of the victim or suspect may determine whether or not the legal definition above is met.

Part I Offenses

This category is commonly known as the "Crime Index." Crimes include criminal homicide (which includes murder and non-negligent manslaughter; but excludes deaths by negligence, attempts to kill, suicides, accidental deaths, justifiable homicide and traffic fatalities), forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault (which excludes simple assaults), burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft and arson.

Violent Crimes (Part 1)

These are a sub-classification of Part I Offenses which encompass murder and non-negligent manslaughter, rape, robbery and aggravated assault.

Part II Offenses

This category includes all other crime classifications outside those defined as Part I. Crimes include other assaults (simple), forgery and counterfeiting, fraud, embezzlement, stolen property (buying, receiving and/or possessing), vandalism, weapons (carrying, possessing, etc.), prostitution and commercialized vice, sex offenses (except forcible rape, prostitution or commercial vice...i.e. statutory rape, indecent exposure, etc.), drug violations, gambling, offenses against the family and children, driving under the influence, liquor violations, drunkenness, disorderly conduct, etc.

Response Times/Priorities

Priority X - Critical Dispatch. This category is used for those calls that pose an obvious threat to the safety of persons. Examples include shootings, stabbings and in-progress crimes such as robberies or burglaries where the possibility of a confrontation between a victim and suspect exists.

Priority 1 - Immediate Dispatch. This category is used for those calls that require immediate police action. Examples include silent alarms, injury traffic accidents, in-progress crimes or crimes that have just occurred where a suspect may still be in the immediate area.

Priority 2 - Prompt Dispatch. This category is used for those calls that could escalate to a more serious degree if not policed quickly. Examples include verbal disturbances and blocking traffic accidents.

Priority 3 - Routine Dispatch. This category is used for those calls where response time is not a critical factor. Examples include burglaries and larcenies that are not in progress, audible alarms, or other routine reports.

